# 2nd. Asia Automobile Institute Summit 25-26 November 2013, Bali

# Electrically Propelled Vehicles

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### Today's Agenda



- 1. Prospect for the International Standardization of EV related items: JARI (20 min)
- 2. The situation for domestic standardization on EV related subject in each countries (10-20 min. each)
- 3. Discussion and further action (45 min)
  - The situation for EV in each counties
  - Itemization for the topics for this session to discuss
  - Issues on introducing international standards into domestic standards
  - Further actions.
- 4. Wrap-up and next steps (5 min)

# 2nd. Asia Automobile Institute Summit 25-26 November 2013, Bali

# Prospect for the International Standardization of EV related items

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- 1. Prospect for the market and the popularization of EVs
- 2. International standardization activities in the EV sector
- 3. Standardization information exchange on EV applications among AAIS members

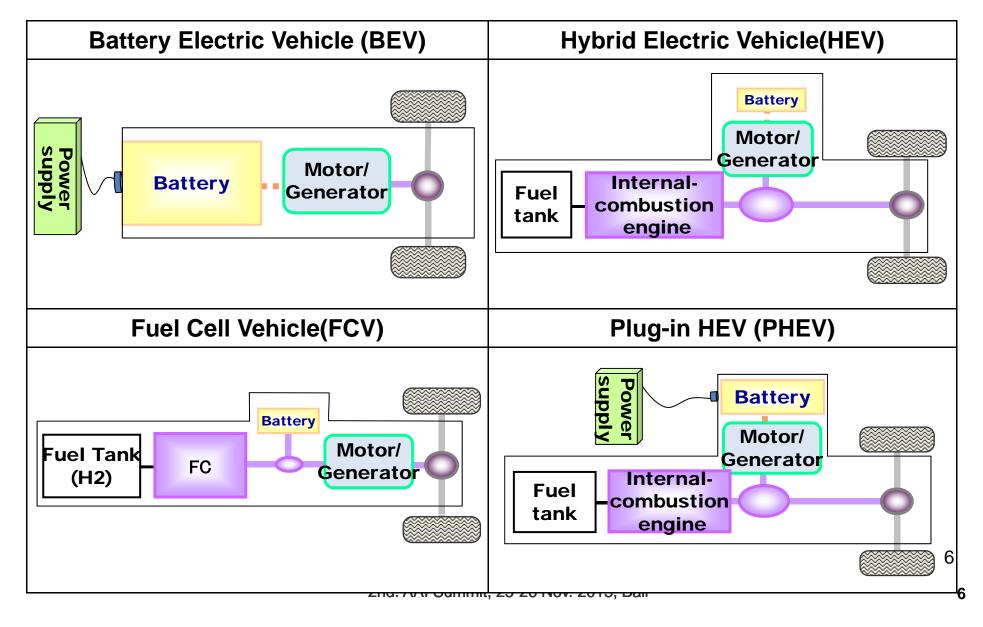
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1. Prospect for the market and the popularization of EVs



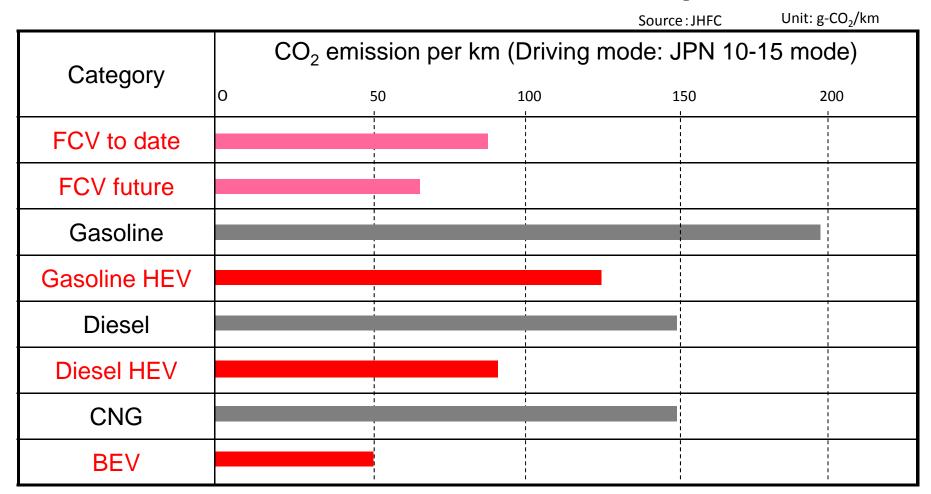
# Basic structures of electrically propelled vehicles' family



#### CO<sub>2</sub>-reduction utilizing electrically propelled vehicles



(Well to Wheel CO<sub>2</sub> emission)

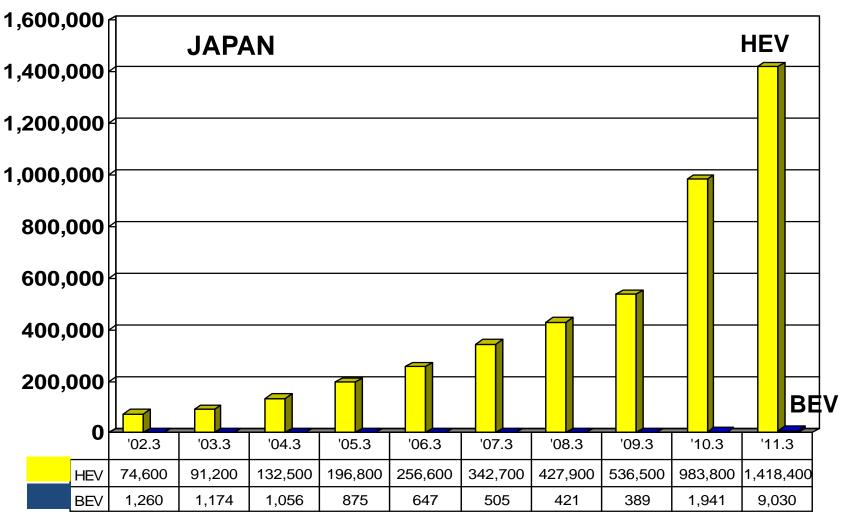


FCV現状:「水素ステーション」「FCV」データはJHFC実証結果トップ値、その他データは文献トップ値により算出 FCV将来:FCVの将来FCシステム効率60%と文献トップ値により算出 電力構成:日本の平均電源構成

#### Broad use of EV is effective for CO<sub>2</sub>-reduction

### The number of BEV-HEV in operation in Japan

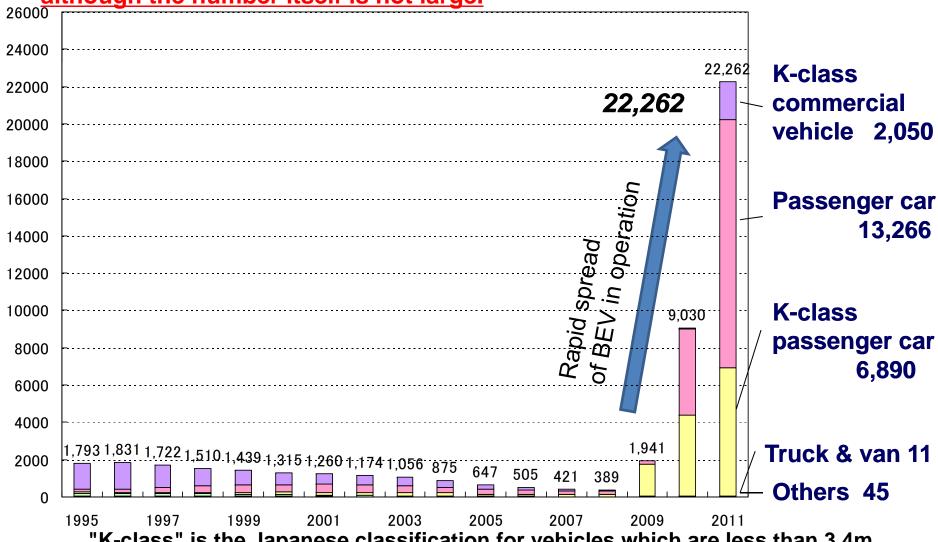
<u>Development of international standardization for EV and batteries</u> is urgent to match the rapid spread of Electric Vehicles.



#### The number of BEV in operation in Japan



Number of BEV operation has been increased rapidly in these years although the number itself is not large.

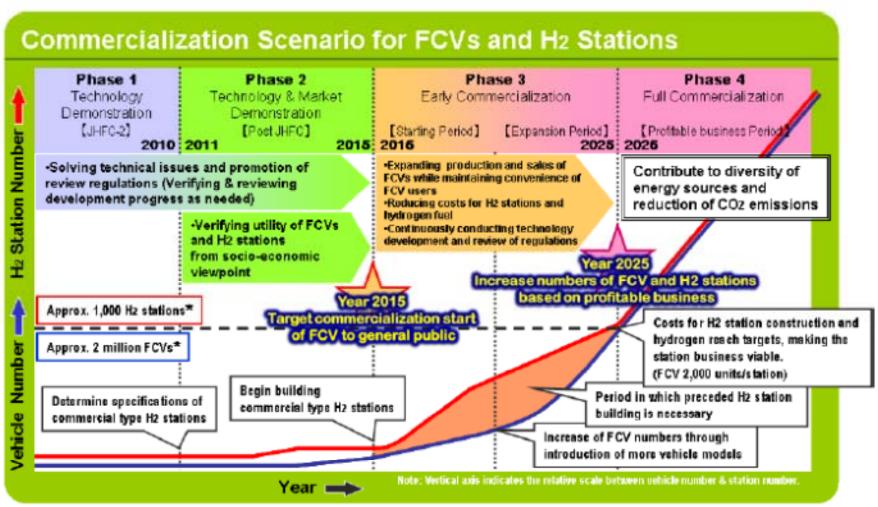


"K-class" is the Japanese classification for vehicles which are less than 3.4m long and with an engine displacement of 660cc or less.

# Commercialization Scenario for FCVs and H<sub>2</sub> Stations



2010

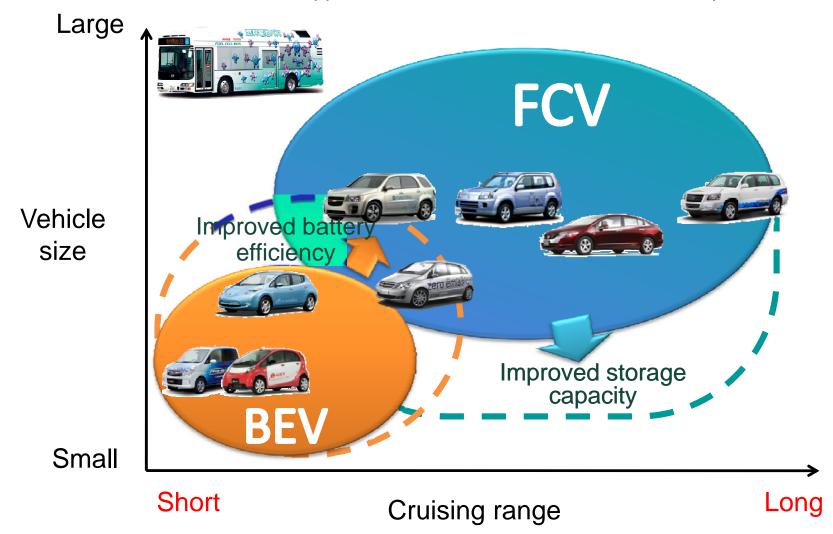


Precondition: Benefit for FCV users (price/convenience etc.) are secured, and FCVs are widely and smoothly deployed.

### Segmentation of FCV and BEV



- FCV can replace existing internal combustion engine vehicle in aspects of vehicle size and Cruising range.
- For small and short-distance applications, BEV and FCV can coexist to spread more widely.



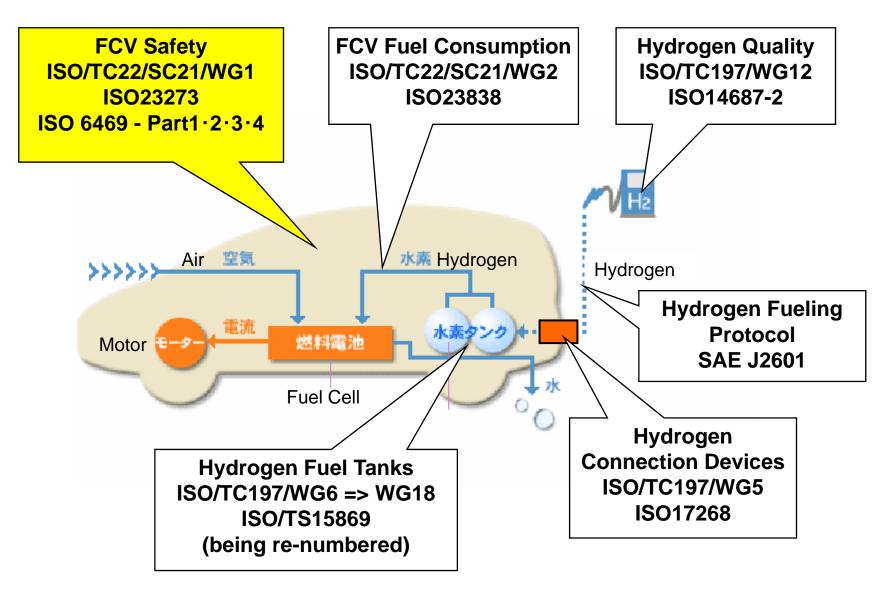
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2. International standardization activities in the EV sector

#### **Schematics of Standardization for FCV**





# EV Safety: ISO6469-Part1 · 2 · 3 · 4 ISO23273



FCV safety standards are changing the system.

-- ISO6469 Electrically propelled road vehicles - Safety specifications (Revision)

Part 1: On-board rechargeable energy storage system - RESS

Part 2: Vehicle operational safety means and protection

Part 3: Protection of persons against electric shock

Part 4: Post crash electrical safety requirements

"Electrically propelled road vehicles" includes BEV, HEV and FCV.

ISO23273: Fuel cell road vehicles -- Safety specifications -- Protection against hydrogen hazards for vehicles fuelled with compressed hydrogen

# Standards and regulations of traction Li-ion © batteries



	Standard	Regulation
Performance test		
Reliability test	ISO 12405-1   IEC 62660-1   ISO 12405-2   IEC 62660-2	
Abuse test		
Safety requirement	ISO 12405-3 IEC 62660-3	ECE regulation
Dimension	IEC/ISO PAS 16898	

: For battery system or pack

: For cell

# The basic stance on the standardization of traction Li-ion batteries



- Start with the standardization for the test procedures, then make the standards those include the pass/fail criteria.
- Input the appropriate contents in consideration of current and future battery technology.
- Promote the harmonization between relevant standards and regulations.

# **Structure of International Standard with regard to Charging System 1**



		System	Interface
Conductiv e Charging	General	IEC 61851-1 C.Bleijs (FR)  General Requirements	
	Vehicle	IEC 61851-21 C.Bleijs (FR) Electric Vehicle	IEC 62196-1 G.Nieminski (US) General Requirements
		ISO PAS T.Miki (JP) Electric Vehicle	
	AC Charging	IEC 61851-22 C.Bleijs (FR)  AC Charge Station	IEC 62196-2 T.Miki (JP)  AC Charge Interface
	DC Charging	IEC 61851-23 S.Roy (JP)  DC Charge Station	IEC 62196-3 T.Rose (US)
		IEC 61851-24 S.Roy (JP)  DC Charge Protocol	DC Charge Coupler
Inductive Charging	General	IEC 61980-1 E.Stolz (CH)  General Requirements	

# Structure of International Standard with regard to Charging System 2



	System
Vehicle to Grid Communication Interface (V2G CI) C.Bleijs (FR) C.Saalfeld (DE)	ISO 15118-1 General information and use-case definition ISO 15118-2 Technical protocol description and Open Systems Interconnections (OSI) layer requirements ISO 15118-3
	Physical and data link layer requirements

## DC charging system/ interface standardization

#### DC charging system Japan (CHAdeMO) / China Germany / US **Dedicated charging system PWM** control pilot system **Vehicle Coupler** Japan (CHAdeMO) China Germany US •Pure DC Pure DC Low power: AC/DC common ·Low power: AC/DC common High power: AC/DC Combo · High power: AC/DC Combo Additional DC Additional DC terminals terminals **DC Charge** Control Protocol Japan (CHAdeMO) / China Germany / US Germany / US Alternative CAN **PLC** In-Band Communication

#### Aspect of standardization for this field



 IEC has not reached the single specification for both AC and DC couplers.



- There are many stakeholders in this field, unlike other technical fields.
  - Interests among the automotive industry, electric power suppliers.
  - Differences in the power situation in national and regional areas

#### To reach consensus



It is essential to build a relationship of mutual trust among stakeholders

### **Contents**



3. Standardization information exchange on EV applications among AAIS members

## Standardization Information Exchange

### Background

At the #2 summit, we're anticipating these outputs:

- ✓ Sharing the current status and issues related standardization of "Safety and performance of EV and battery" and "Charging" among attending countries.
- ✓ Agreeing to set the summits after #3 to be the regular area of exchange of information to solve the facing issues.

# Standardization Information Exchange

#### **♦** Concerns

- ✓ How to introduce those international standards into local codes and standards.
- ✓ Needs to built up the common interpretation of those languages in international standards.

### Standardization Information Exchange



#### **♦** Outcome

We're expecting these fruits among the AAIS members:

- ✓ Harmonization of testing protocol in the future
- Enhancement of "Asian Voices" at the international standardization in this EV field
  - -- Contact Persons?
  - -- The next topic(s) at the #3 AAIS?



## Thank you for your attention.

If you have any comments and questions,

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